Logisnext

Financial Results for FY2022

(FY2022: From April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023)



Logisnext

Summary of Financial Results for FY2022

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MITSUBISHI LOGISNEXT

Takatoshi Uno Director, Executive Officer CFO

1. FY2022 Summary



Economic Market Trends

- The global economy remains stagnant or continues to slow down due to policies of increasing interest rates by central banks in various countries in order to control inflation and the impact of Russian aggression in Ukraine since February last year. In addition, increasing material and transport costs and supply chain disruptions have shown signs of improvement overall but remain significant in some areas.
- In the material handling equipment market, demand in Japan remains at pre-COVID-19 levels. Overseas demand in the Americas, has continued to exceed pre-COVID-19 levels because logistics needs remain strong despite economic slowdowns. Demand in Asia remains at the same high levels as the previous year, but is declining in Europe although maintaining pre-COVID-19 levels. China has shown signs of modest recovery due to the lifting of the zero-COVID policy, but has yet to recover from the decline in the first half of FY2022.
- Mitsubishi Logisnext has been affected by longer lead times due to delays in the supply of components, by higher material and transportation costs and other factors, but orders are generally steady, though there are regional differences. Production and shipments are being promoted in Japan and overseas, and the effects of price optimization have begun to show.

Summary of FY2022 Results

- Net sales increased by 32.2% YoY due to an increase in units sold mainly in the Americas and Europe, as well as the impact of the weak JPY.
- Operating profit (before amortization of goodwill, etc.) increased 92.1% YoY due to a significant increase in sales against the background of strong orders in the Americas and strong performance in the rental business, as well as the impact of the weak JPY and price optimization.

2. Financial Highlights



Unit: Hundred million JPY

Profit and Loss Statement	FY2021	FY2022	YoY C	hange
Net Sales	4,654.0	6,154.2	+1,500.1	+32.2%
Operating Profit (Before amortization of goodwill, etc.) (Operating profit margin)	130.1 (2.8%)	249.9 (4.1%)	+119.8	+92.1%
Amortization of Goodwill	94.2	102.8	_	_
Operating Profit (Operating profit margin)	35.9 (0.8%)	147.0 (2.4%)	+111.1	+309.4%
Ordinary Profit (Ordinary profit margin)	32.4 (0.7%)	116.4 (1.9%)	+84.0	+259.4%
Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent (Net income margin)	7.1 (0.2%)	69.1 (1.1%)	+61.9	+864.0%

FY2021 actual FX rates: USD=JPY112.38 EUR=JPY130.56 CNY=JPY17.51 FY2022 actual FX rates: USD=JPY135.47 EUR=JPY140.97 CNY=JPY19.75

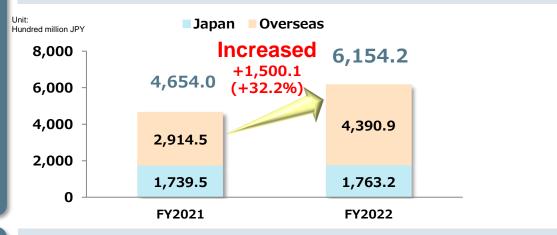
Balance Sheet	FY2021	FY2022	YoY C	hange
Total Assets	4,056.0	4,754.3	+698.3	+17.2%
Total Liabilities	3,418.6	3,994.0	+575.4	+16.8%
Net Assets	637.3	760.2	+122.9	+19.3%

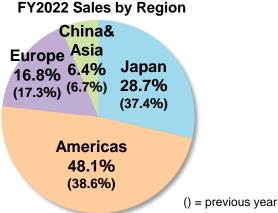
3. Business Results by Segment



Net Sales

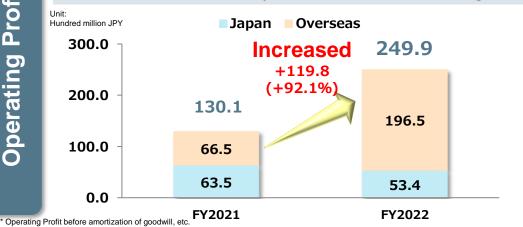
Net sales increased by 32.2% YoY, due to a slight increase in Japan and an increase in units sold overseas, mainly in the Americas and Europe, and the impact of the weak JPY

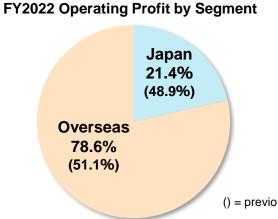




Operating Profit*

Operating profit increased by 92.1% YoY partly due to FX impacts. Profit in Japan decreased due to the limited effects of price optimization compared to higher costs, whereas overseas profit benefited from higher sales and price optimization effects

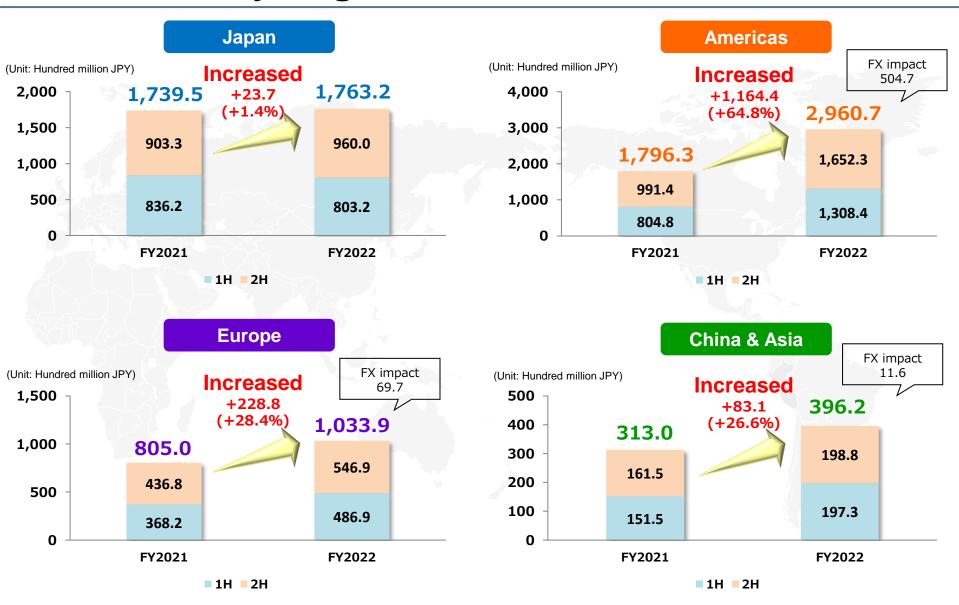




() = previous year

4. Net Sales by Region (including FX impacts)

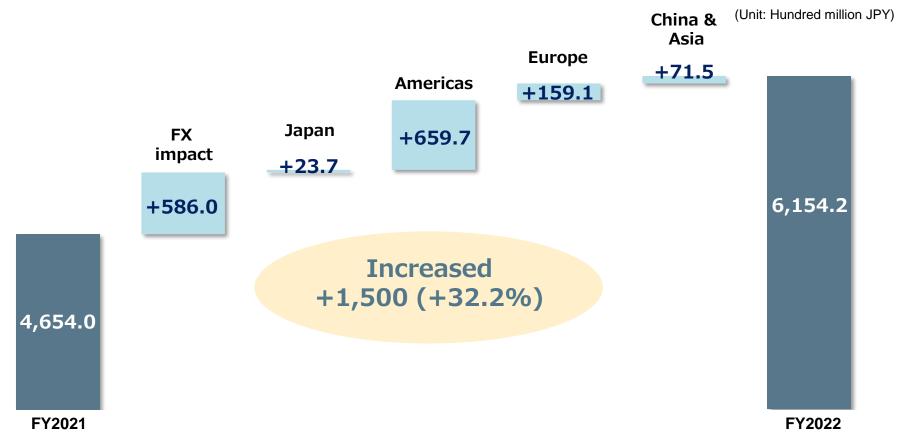




5. Net Sales – FY2021 vs FY2022



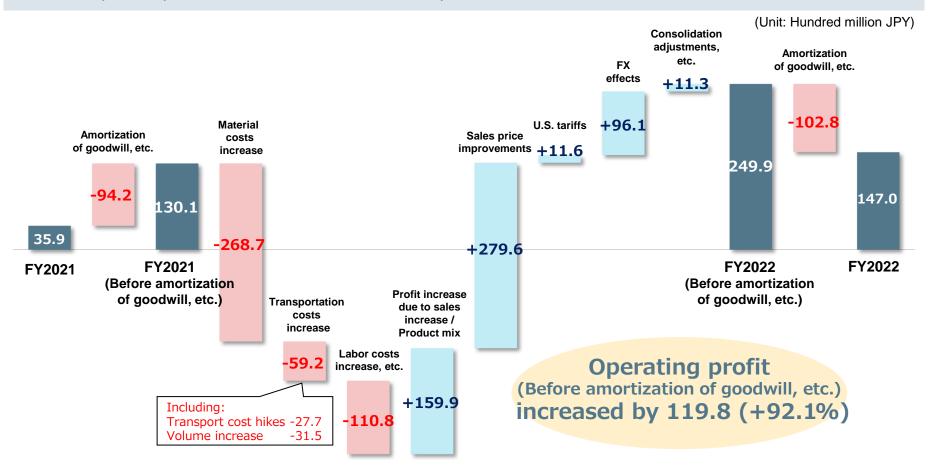
- Japan: Net sales increased slightly as service sales increased to compensate for decreased shipments due to parts shortages in the first half of FY2022.
- Overseas: Net sales increased due to contribution from increased units sold, mainly in the Americas, and growth in rental businesses at EQD*, in addition to the impact of the weak JPY. Sales also increased in Europe and Asia.



^{*} Equipment Depot, Inc.

6. Operating Profit – FY2021 vs FY2022 Logisnext

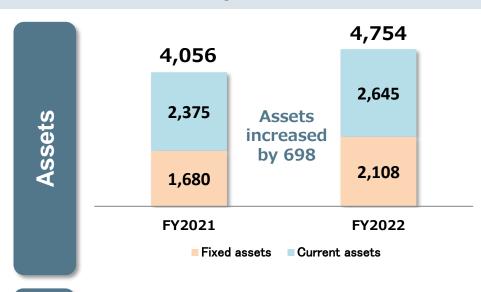
- Material costs have peaked out in the Americas, while remaining high in Japan. Labor costs are also seriously high due to inflation
- Operating profit (before amortization of goodwill, etc.) increased by 92.1% YoY due to higher sales, price optimization efforts, and the impact of the weak JPY



7. Consolidated Balance Sheet



■ Total assets increased due to an increase in lease assets resulting from the adoption of the new U.S. lease accounting standards "ASC842" and the impact of the weak JPY



		4,754	
4,056			
3,418	Liabilities increased by 575	3,994	
637	Net assets increased by 122	760	
FY2021		FY2022	
	Net assets ■ Liabilit	ties	

(Unit: Hundred million JPY)

ltem	FY2021	FY2022	Change
Current assets	2,375	2,645	+269
(Tangible fixed assets)	1,022	1,489	+466
(Intangible fixed assets)	470	411	-58
(Investments and other assets)	187	208	+20
Total fixed assets	1,680	2,108	+428
Total assets	4,056	4,754	+698

Current assets: Increased

Increased due to exchange rate conversion effects and increase in accounts receivable and inventories, etc.

Fixed assets: Increased

Increase in lease assets due to adoption of "ASC842".

Item	FY2021	FY2022	Change
Current liabilities	1,807	2,087	+280
Fixed liabilities	1,611	1,906	+295
Total liabilities	3,418	3,994	+575
Total net assets	637	760	+122
Total liabilities and net assets	4,056	4,754	+698

Liabilities: Increased

Increased due to exchange rate conversion effects. Increase in lease obligations due to adoption of "ASC842".

Net assets: Increased

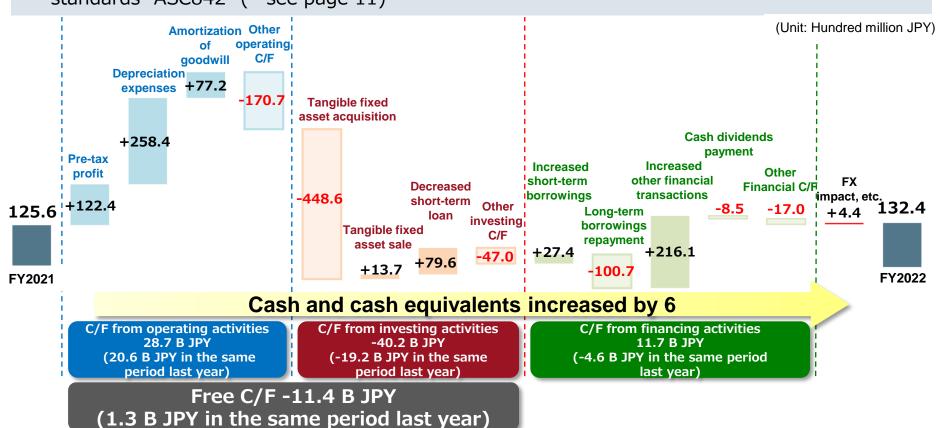
Increase in retained earnings and foreign currency translation adjustments.

_iabilities/

8. Cash Flow



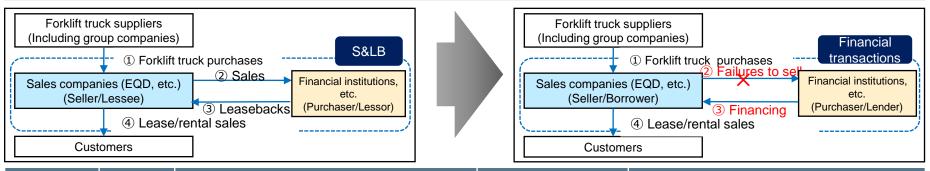
- Positive 28.7 B JPY C/F from operating activities achieved
- C/F from investing activities was -40.2 B JPY due to increased investments in rental forklift trucks driven by strong rental demand in the Americas
- Free C/F was -11.4 B JPY, affected by the rearrangement of proceeds from asset sales from operating C/F to financing C/F, due to the adoption of the new U.S. lease accounting standards "ASC842" (* see page 11)



9. Cash Flow – Rearrangement Detail



- From FY2022, subsidiaries in the Americas adopted a new accounting standard for leases under US-GAAP "ASC842"
- As a result of the adoption of the standard, sales and leaseback transactions don't meet the requirements for sales. Therefore, the proceeds from sales of assets, which were previously classified as operating C/F, are now recognized as financial transactions (financing C/F). This standard is also applied to similar transactions of European and other subsidiaries.
- Excluding the impact of the adoption of the new U.S. lease accounting standard, the free C/F is 13.5 B JPY, which is a significant improvement of +12.1 B JPY YoY



Unit: Hundred FY2021		FY2022				YoY change			
		Before	Rearrangement amount		After	Defense Aften		Rearrangement description	
million JPY	112021	rearrange	Operating C/F	Investing C/F	rearrange ment	Before rearrange ment	After rearrange ment	Rearrangement acscription	
Operating C/F	206.2	460.1	-172.7		287.4	+253.9	+81.2	Transfer of proceeds from the sale of assets of subsidiaries in the Americas to the financing C/F due to the adoption of "ASC842"	
Investing C/F	-192.4	-324.7		-77.6	-402.3	-132.3	-209.9	Transfer to financing C/F for similar transactions of European subsidiaries, etc.	
Free C/F	13.8	135.4	-172.7	-77.6	-114.9	+121.6	-128.7		
Financing C/F	-46.0	-133.1	+172.7	+77.6	117.2	-87.1	+163.2		

Reference: Key Performance Indicators



	la dia atau	Famoula	FY2	021	FY2022		Cammanta	
	Indicator	Formula	Before amortization of goodwill, etc.*1		Before amortization of goodwill, etc.*1		Comments	
9	Return-on-assets (ROA)	Net income	0.2%	2.2%	1.6%	3.3%		
nan	Return-on-assets (NOA)	Total assets	0.2%	2.270	1.0%		Each indicator improved as a	
Performance	Return-on-equity (ROE)	Net income	1.2%	8.6%	10.0%	12 6%	result of a recovery in	
Pe	Neturn-on-equity (NOL)	Shareholders' equity	1.2 /0	0.0 /0	10.0 70	12.0 %	performance due to a significant increase in sales, the	
₹.	Operating profit margin	Operating profit	0.8%	2.8%	2.4%	4 1%	effects of price optimization	
Profitability	operating pront margin	Sales	0.070	2.0 70	2.470		and the impact of JPY	
rofit	Net income margin	Net income	0.2%	2.1%	1.1%	2.7%	depreciation.	
	Trot moonlo mai giii	Sales	0.2 /0	2.1170	1.1 70	217 70		
	Total asset turnover	Sales	1.2 times		1.4 times			
ency		Total assets	112 (111165		211 (111105			
Asset Efficiency	Receivable turnover	Sales	6.0 times		6.8 times			
et E		Accounts receivable						
Ass	Inventory turnover	Cost of sales	4.6 times		4.7 times			
	_	Inventories						
al	Capital adequacy ratio	Shareholders' equity	15.6%		15.9%			
Financial Soundness	,	Total assets						
Fin	D/E ratio	Interest-bearing debt	3.0 times		3.0 times			
		Shareholders' equity						
	Earnings per share	Net income	6.73 JPY	89.52 JPY	64.82 JPY	155.12 JPY		
, ,		Shares outstanding						
	Price earnings ratio	1.38.5 times 10.4times 14.5 tim es	14.5 times 6.1 times	6.1 times	Stock prices:			
လို	(PER)	Earnings per share					End of FY2021: 932 JPY	
	Price book value ratio	Stock price	1.6 times		1.3 times		End of FY2022: 941 JPY	
	(PBR)	Book value per share						

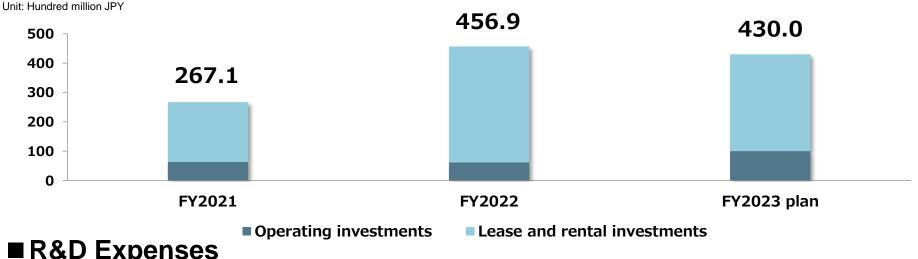
^{*1} For reference purposes

Reference: CAPEX and R&D Expenses

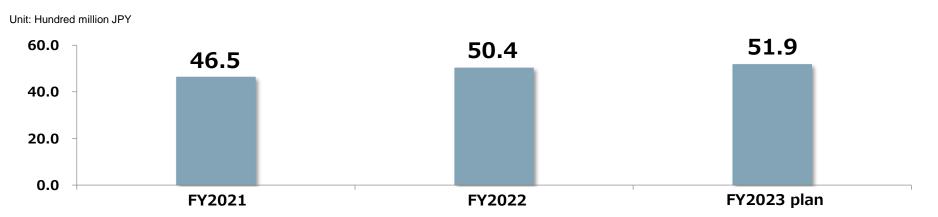


■ CAPEX

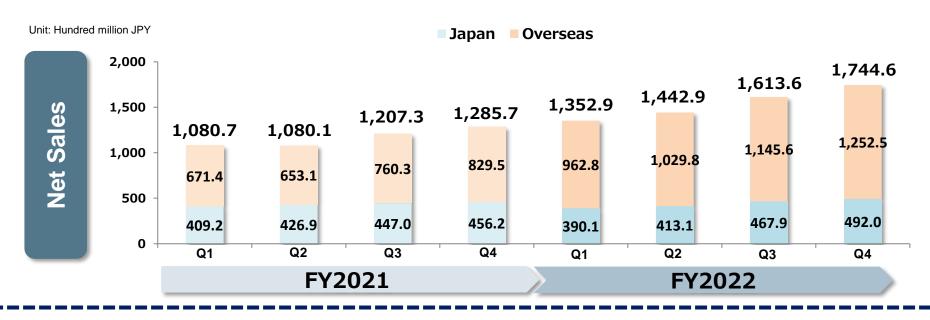
The significant increase in lease rental investments in FY2022 compared to FY2021 includes the impact of adapting to the new U.S. lease accounting standards.

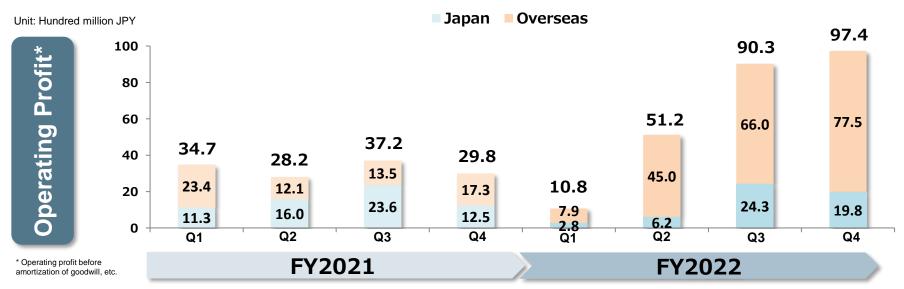


■ R&D Expenses

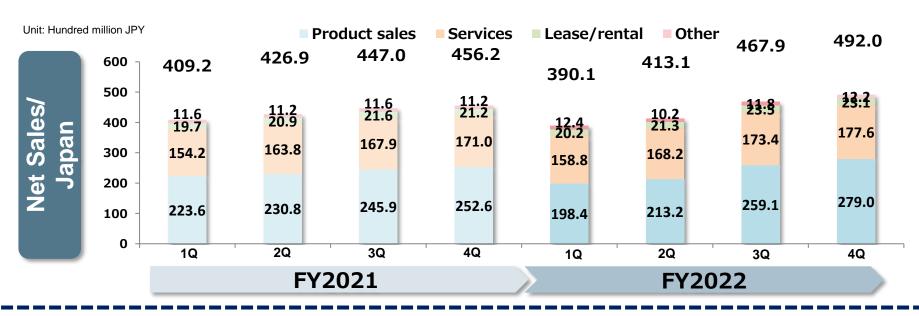


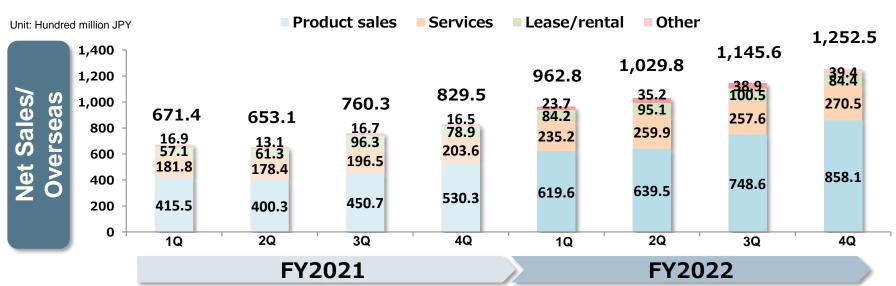
Reference: Quarterly Financial Results (By Business) Logisnext





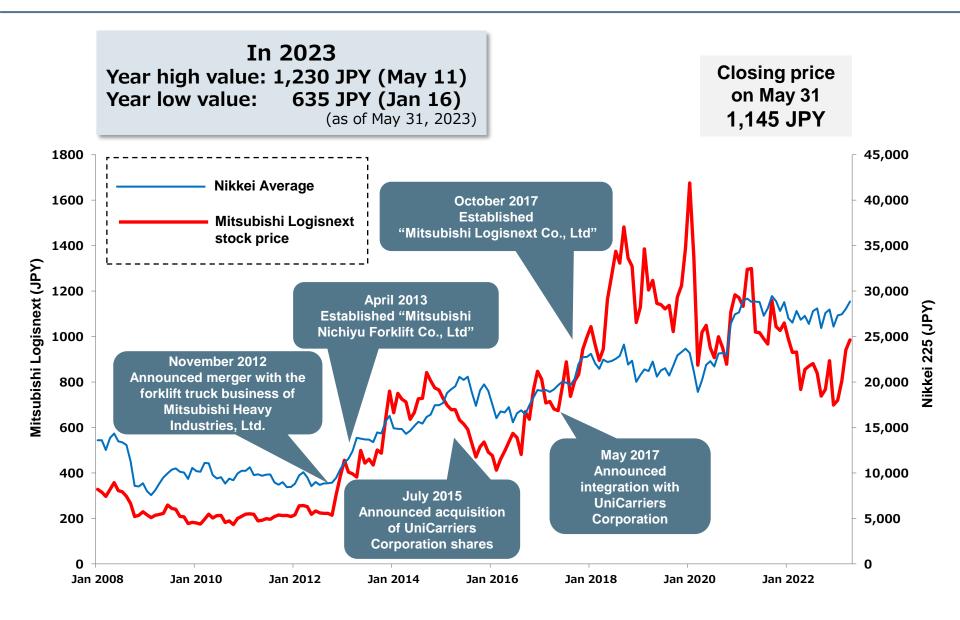
Reference: Quarterly Financial Results (By Category) Logisnext





Reference: Stock Price Trends





Logisnext

FY2023 Business Plan

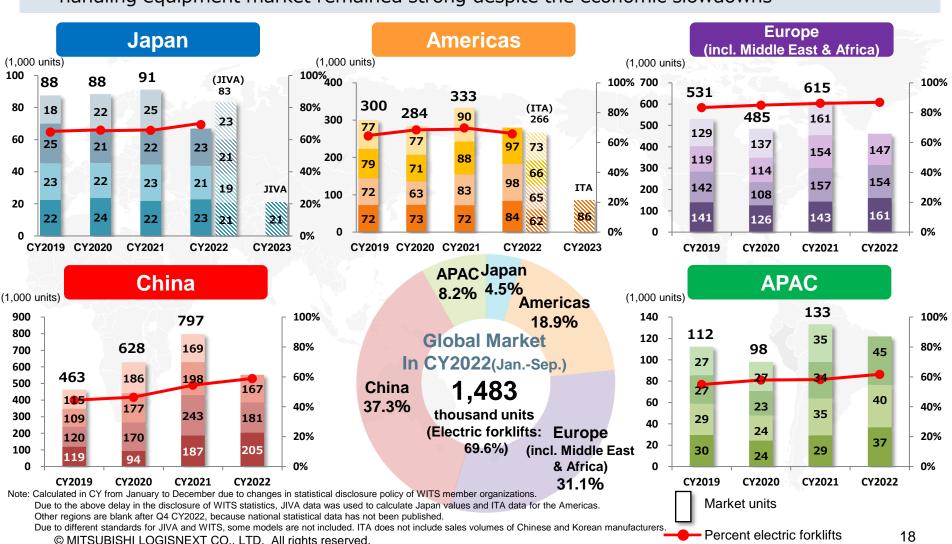
MITSUBISHI LOGISNEXT

Yuichi Mano President

1. Forklift Market Trends — Shipping



Japan (JIVA statistics) remained at the same level as the previous year, while demand in the Americas (ITA statistics) continued to exceed the previous year levels because the material handling equipment market remained strong despite the economic slowdowns

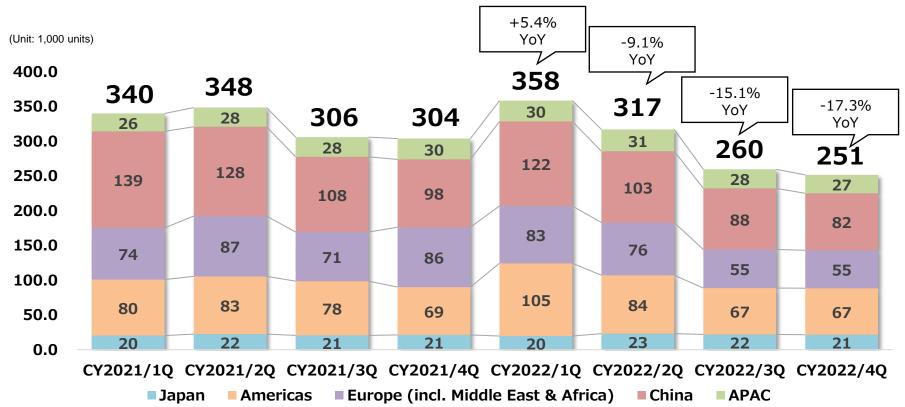


2. Forklift Market Trends – Orders (Quarterly)



- Orders decreased YoY in all regions except Japan
- Although demand is stronger than pre-COVID-19 levels, it has gradually declined due to the global economic slowdowns

Purchase Orders (excl. Class III*)

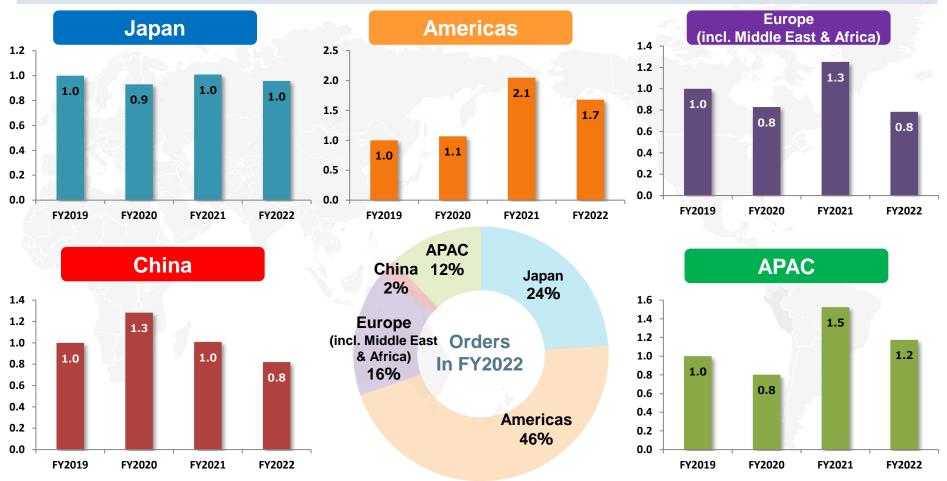


^{*}Class III: Self-propelled electric small lifts

Note: Due to changes in the statistical disclosure policy of WITS member organizations, the figures are based on the calendar year from January to December.

3. Mitsubishi Logisnext Order Results (Apr. - Mar.) Logisnext

- Orders in the Americas and APAC are strong, and overall orders also exceed pre-COVID-19 levels in FY2019
- Orders decreased 20% YoY due to the global economic slowdowns



Note: Assuming FY2019 = 1. Even if the same number is indicated, the graph may have different heights due to decimal differences.

Forklift Market Outlook and Mitsubishi Logisnext Status Logisnext

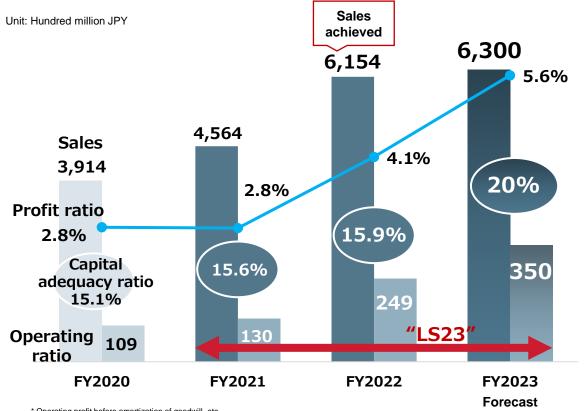


- The market remains strong compared to pre-COVID-19 levels, but declining compared to FY2022, except in Japan and China
- Mitsubishi Logisnext shipments are expected to increase, recovering from delays in production and shipments due to shortages of semiconductors and other components in FY2022. In the Americas, there are backlog orders of about one year, so the recent market slowdown is expected to have little impact on results

	Market Outlook in FY2023	Mitsubishi Logisnext Status
Japan	The market has continued to remain flat at pre-COVID-19 levels for several years. Expected to increase slightly compared to FY2022	 Strive to relieve forklift truck shipment delays due to parts shortages in FY2022 The effects of sales price improvement will begin to fully show in FY2023
Americas	The market remains strong compared to pre-COVID-19 levels. Expected to be lower than in FY2022 due to the recent economic slowdown caused by monetary tightening	 The effects of sales price improvement had fully shown in the second half of FY2022 Securing semiconductors, relieving backlog orders for about a year, promoting production and shipments
Europe (incl. Middle East & Africa)	The market remains at the same level as pre-COVID-19 levels. Expected to be slightly lower than FY2022 levels due to the impact of Russian aggression in Ukraine and price increases by various companies	 The effects of sales price improvement had fully shown in FY2022 Aiming to increase market share by promoting sales of new WH models launched in FY2022
China	The market is expanding and is expected to increase compared to FY2022. The introduction of Tier 4 emission regulations in 2022 will accelerate the shift to electrification	Owing to the relaxation of the zero-COVID policy, we will capture demand for alternatives to engine forklifts by expanding sales of the "FB-80" compact electric forklift
The market is expanding due to the recovery phase from COVID-19, but sales are expected to decline slightly compared to FY2022 due to slowing economic growth		Promote production and shipping to standardize lead times 21

Logisnext 5. Progress of Mid-Term Management Plan





- "LS23" target sales of 500 B JPY exceeded in FY2022
- Achievement of "I S23" target for operating profit* is expected in FY2023
- Operating profit* will increase due to the production and shipment of a large backlog orders and price optimization efforts
- Capital adequacy ratio is expected to improve to 20% through efforts to obtain free C/F

^{*} Operating profit before amortization of goodwill, etc.

6. FY2023 Forecast



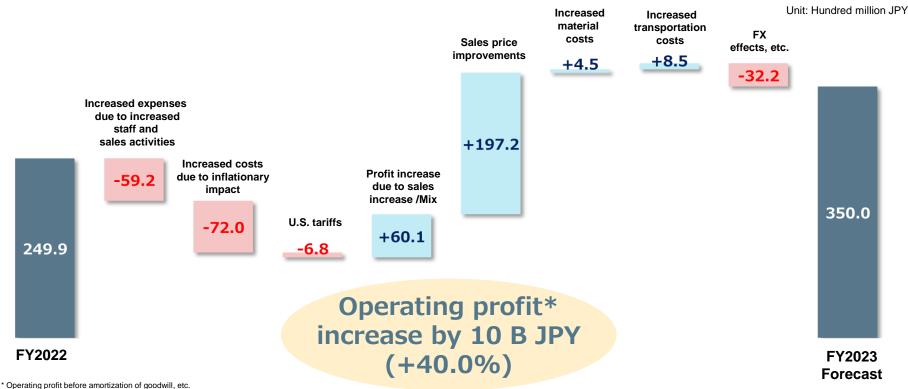
- Although the market environment is expected to deteriorate YoY due to concerns about the global economic slowdown, we are planning to increase unit solds by promoting production and shipments of backlog orders, mainly in the Americas, through production improvements
- Record highs are expected in sales and all profit categories

(Unit: Hundred million JPY)	FY2022	FY2023 Forecast	YoY Change	
Units Sold	112,000 units	115,000 units	+3.0	+2.7%
Net Sales	6,154.2	6,300.0	+145.7	+2.4%
Operating Profit (Before amortization of goodwill, etc.) (Operating profit margin)	249.9 (4.1%)	350.0 (5.6%)	+100.0	+40.0%
Amortization of Goodwill, etc.	102.8	100.0	-	-
Operating Profit (Operating profit margin)	1 47.0 (2.4%)	250.0 (4.0%)	+102.9	+70.0%
Ordinary Profit (Ordinary profit margin)	116.4 (1.9%)	230.0 (3.7%)	+113.5	+97.5%
Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent (Net income margin)	69.1 (1.1%)	130.0 (2.1%)	+60.8	+88.0%
Dividend per Share	9円	16円	-	-

7. Operating Profit* – FY2022 vs FY2023 Forecast



- Procurement conditions are expected to improve YoY due to a decrease in material and transportation costs
- Increased labor costs and expenses are inevitable due to global inflation and normalization of business activities after-COVID-19
- Operating profit* is expected to increase by 10 B JPY to 35 B JPY due to an increase in units sold and the effects of price optimization that offset the impact of higher labor costs, etc.



8. Final Year of "LS23"



- In FY2023, as the completion and evolution phase, we will improve our profitability in various ways
- Providing safe and secure material handling solutions and promoting logistics operations

FY2021

Start-up and foundation building phase

FY2022

Growth and expansion phase

FY2023

Completion and evolution phase

Strengthening Profitability

- Further expand business in the Americas
- Strive to relieve the backlog of orders for MLA*, strengthen Norlift (now EQD Northwest) acquired by EQD in FY2022, and strengthen the lease rental business
- Strengthen direct sales and lease rental businesses in Europe

Initiatives in Material Handling Solutions

- Strengthen the "EQ Solutions" business in the Americas
- Implement differentiation strategy through mixed fleet solutions for Europe business
- Collaborate with Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, etc.

Improvement "Logisnext" Brand

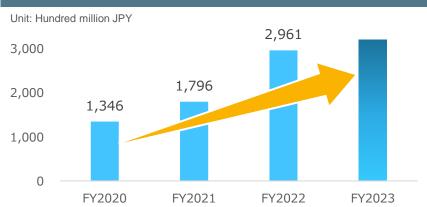
- Improve employee engagement
- Improve stakeholder awareness
- Recruit and develop next generation
- Promote regional cooperation
- Promote social contribution

9. Strengthening Profitability



- Aim to secure sales by further promoting production in FY2023
- Price optimization efforts will begin fully contributing to sales from the second half of FY2022, expanding profitability.







MLA

- Promote a stable supply of semiconductors and relieve backlog orders of around one year
- Continue to secure orders despite growing fears of a recession

EQD

- Record performance achieved in FY2022
- Norlift (now EQD Northwest), acquired in 2022, exceeded revenue plan from the first year
- Additional investment in rental fleet to meet the growing rental market

10. Initiatives for Material Handling Solutions Business (1) Logisnext

- Promote the development of global material handling solutions business in collaboration with overseas bases
- Aim to expand material handling solutions business by offering ΣSynX*1 and human-machine coordination

Americas

> MLA

- Expand sales of Rocla-branded AGVs and other products manufactured by MLFI*2
 Automated Compact Truck ACT through MLA's distributor network
- Established new "Rocla AGV Demonstration Center" at Marengo Plant

➤ EQD "EQ Solutions"

- Strengthen by expanding the organization and providing sales education
- The value of contracts signed in FY2022 reached a record high

Europe

- Differentiate with mixed-fleet solutions (forklifts and AGVs) in advanced decarbonization and automation markets
- Parallel development at MLFI based on MHI's ΣSynX technology

Japan

- Joint development with Mitsubishi Heavy Industries and other companies
- Automate warehouse logistics with AGF offering ΣSynX

ESyn)

^{*1 &}quot;SSynX" (Sigma Synx) is Mitsubishi Heavy Industries' concept for automation and intelligence in logistics equipment

^{*2} Mitsubishi Logisnext Europe Oy

11. Initiatives for Material Handling Solutions Business (2) Logisnext

■ Japan: Collaboration with Rapyuta Robotics

Mitsubishi Logisnext lunched a business alliance and collaboration with Rapyuta Robotics Co. Ltd., a startup company from ETH Zürich that has cutting-edge technology for robot solutions and provides development, integration and operation support. The collaboration will contribute to the advancement and acceleration of digital transformation in the material handling industry

Logisnext



Mitsubishi Logisnext' forklift trucks





No. 1 software company in AMR field



Made-in-Japan quality and support



12-14 Apr 2023.

Demonstration of autonomous forklift at Kansai Logix 2023

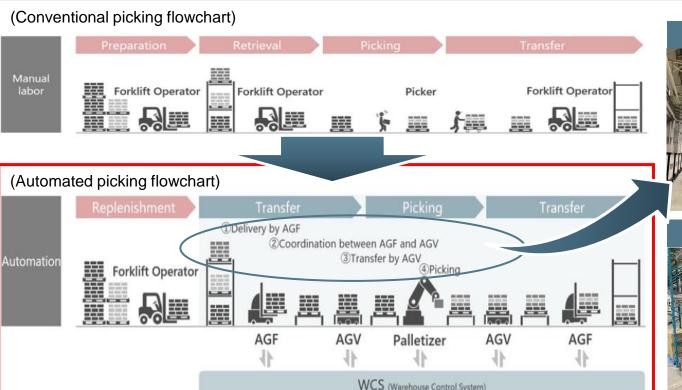
 Autonomous forklift trucks with Rapyuta Robotics' control unit mounted on Mitsubishi Logisnext electric forklift trucks

12. Initiatives for Material Handling Solutions Business (3)



■ Japan: Collaboration with MHI and Kirin Group

- Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Kirin Beverage Company, Ltd., and Kirin Group Logistics Co., Ltd. have jointly demonstrated an automated picking solution for beverage warehouses
- ΣSynX technology automates and makes picking operations intelligent, solving challenges of the beverage industry









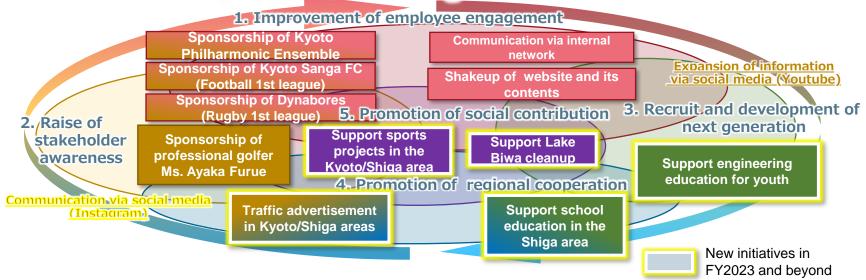


13. Improvement "Logisnext" Brand



 Continuous improvement of "Logisnext" brand through employee engagement, stakeholder awareness, regional cooperation and social contribution

Improvement of "Logisnext" Brand



Initiatives

- Improve employee engagement
- Improve stakeholder awareness
- Recruit and develop next generation
- Promote regional cooperation
- Promote social contribution















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